

ESPON support for Targeted Analyses

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14 November 2017 ESPON EGTC workshop "Targeted Analysis in support of better policy-making in cities and regions"

Inspire policy making with territorial evidence

Strategic principles and added value

Directly serving policy demand

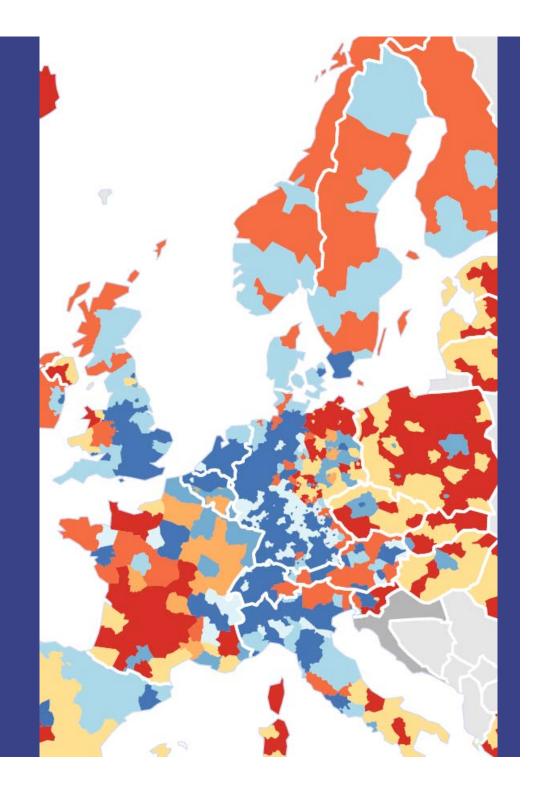
Delivering rapid response

 Promoting institutional/ policy-making capacity and cooperation of stakeholders

 Promoting dialogue among researchers and policymakers



Some achievements from ESPON 2013



POLYCE – metropolitan regions

- Bratislava, Budapest, Ljubljana, Prague, Vienna
- Characteristics and profiles of the involved metropolises
- Ideas for individual future "metropolitan agendas"
- Proposals for metropolitan cooperation in a polycentric network
- Results applied for the development of territorial development strategies/plans, e.g.:
- Bratislava's new spatial plan
- Smart City Wien Framework Strategy
- Smart Twin Strategy Bratislava-Vienna
- New strategic plan of Prague
- Operational Programme Prague 2014-2020.

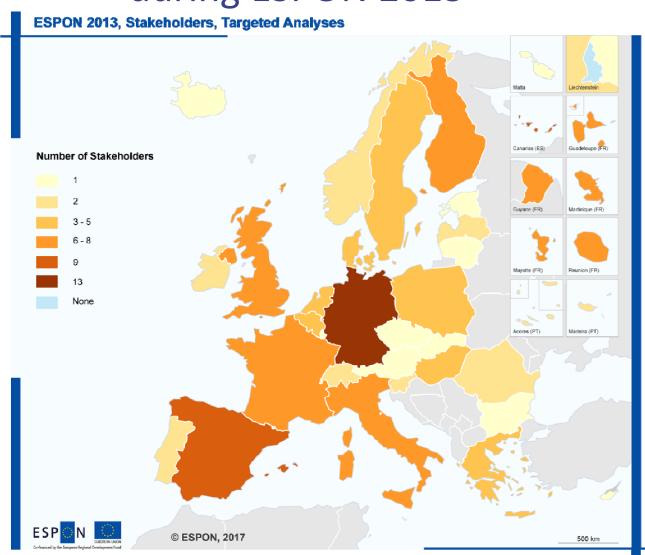


TeDi- Territorial Diversity in Europe

- National authorities from Norway, Finland, Switzerland, Cyprus, Sweden, Malta, Romania
- Causalities between territorial specificities and the constraints and opportunities for economic and social development
- Specific territorial potentials of insular, sparsely populated and peripheral regions
- Ideas for future policy actions aiming to take full advantage of the specific potentials
- Results applied:
- Regional development strategies
- Spatial planning documents
- Local strategic documents
- Macro-regional strategy for North Sea region

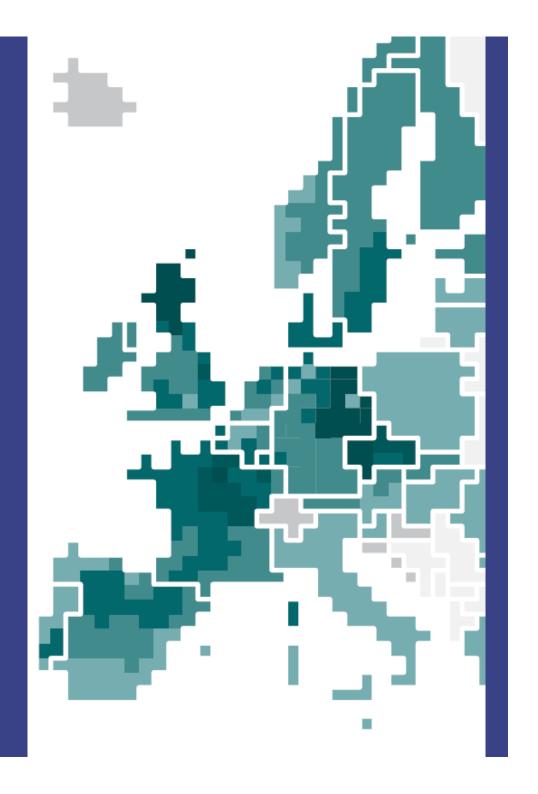


Geographical coverage of targeted analyses during ESPON 2013





First results of ESPON 2020
Targeted analyses

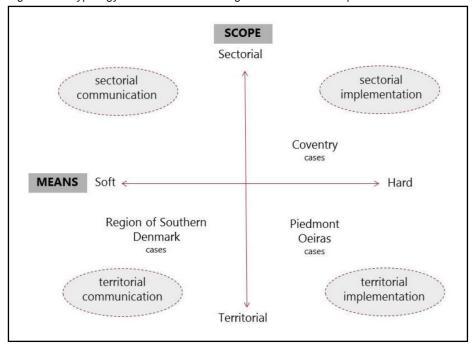


Regional strategies for sustainable and inclusive territorial development (ReSSI)

 Practices for aligning the ever-evolving institutional configuration with emerging logics and challenges of regional planning:

from hard (legislation, funding) to soft means (communication, coordination)

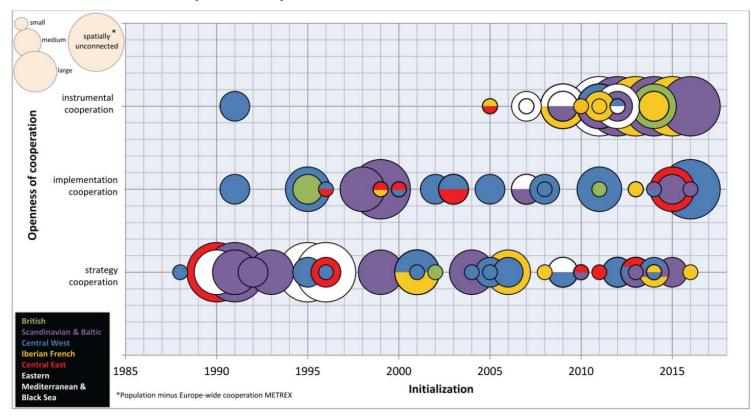
Figure 9.1: Typology of stakeholder strategies: means and scope





Thinking and planning in areas of territorial cooperation (Actarea)

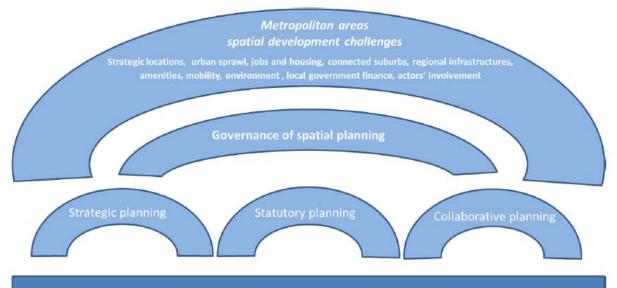
 Promoting new forms of soft governance spaces with fuzzy, flexible boundaries that span across administrative boundaries and link urban and rural development policies





Spatial dynamics and strategic planning in metropolitan areas (SPIMA)

- How should traditional urban planning practices respond to ongoing urbanization trends that go beyond the core-centric spatial patterns and beyond the jurisdictions of a single administrative authority?
- Key elements for managing metropolitan areas: strategic, statutory and collaborative





Targeted analyses in process

Linking protected areas to territorial development - networks of high-biodiversity

Territorial scenarios for the Baltic Sea Region

Territorial and urban potentials connected to migration and refugee flows

Alps2050 – Common spatial perspectives for the Alpine Space. Towards a common vision

Cross-border Public Services

Future Digital Health in EU

Cultural Heritage as a strategic territorial development resource

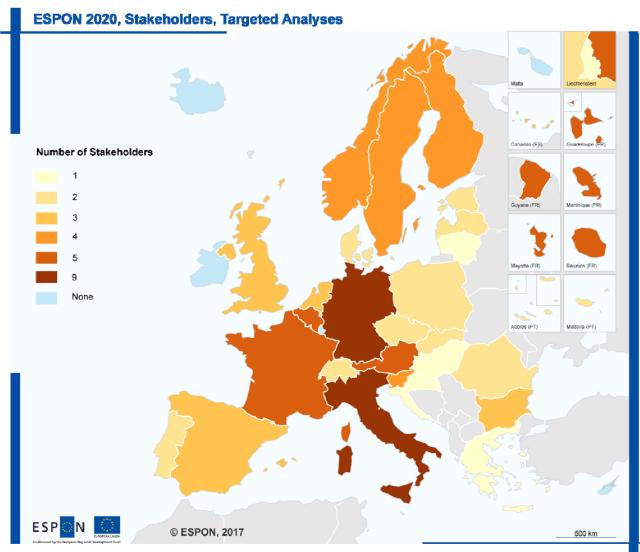
Territorial Impact Assessment for Cross-Border Cooperation Maritime spatial planning and land-sea interactions

Potentials of big data for integrated territorial policy development in the European growth corridors

Improving Urban-Rural connectivity in non-metropolitan regions



Geographical coverage so far...84 stakeholders





What's next...

Do not miss it!

11 more activities to be selected during ESPON 2020 (6 in 2018 and 5 in 2019)

- Next cut-off dates
 26 January 2018 and June 2018
- Peer learning workshops
 Stakeholders as ambassadors and multipliers...



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Thank you for your attention