

NUTS3 Region: Mantova (IT)

This series of fact sheets includes measures taken by the above-mentioned regional authorities during the first wave of the pandemic to strengthen public health security, adapt various aspects of city life to new reality, support vulnerable populations and support the local economy. The fact sheet has been prepared based on official sources and media reporting. However, given the variegated degrees of online communication efficiency from the part of various regional authorities, and the risks associated with collecting information from non-standardised online sources (including media), please note that the information in the table may not be comprehensive.

Contextual information

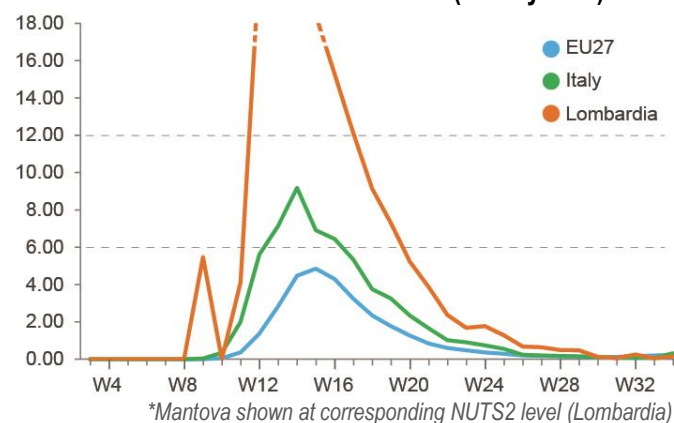
General information¹

Population (2019)	412 000
Density (inh/sqkm, 2018)	182
Type of territory (OECD typology)	Predominantly rural
Level of COVID-19 deaths (1 st wave)*	High

Governance (responsibilities of NUTS3 regions)

Italian NUTS3 regions, called provinces, are considered second-level administrative divisions. They dispose of relatively few attributions, mostly consisting in managing local spatial planning, including environment, regulating local transport activities (including authorisations, road maintenance etc.), provision of local police and fire services, managing schools network (including buildings, establishment/ closure of schools), control of discriminatory phenomena on the labour market, and other less significant responsibilities.

COVID-19 deaths / 100 000 inhabitants (weekly data)



Policy answers at local level - Measures²

Health security

- Extraordinary fundraising campaign conducted by the private Mantovana Community Foundation for buying medical equipment and materials.
- Tensile structure set up for medical triage in front of two hospitals.

Date

13-Mar

Feb

Perspective³

ST/ MT

MT

Daily way of life and work

- Provincial institutions started implement smart working (teleworking), while continuing to deliver most of public services.
- Modification of the Council regulation to allow for telematic council meetings.
- Long term plan for digitalization of institutions (e.g. smartworking, videoconferencing, new functionalities of the IT system for human resources management, adopting management software based on Open Source Database architecture etc.).
- Intensifying the promotion of the already existent Linea Libra (service in support of citizens and entrepreneurs to anonymously report on mafia and corruption).
- Renting of additional space for schools to meet distancing requirements.
- Investments in IT functionality of schools (fiber optic data connection, wi-fi connection inside schools, internal data security for schools).
- Light construction interventions in schools (rearranging the interior spaces) and buying new furniture to meet anti-COVID measures.

6-Mar

27-Mar

6-Apr

23-Apr

18-Jun

10-Sep

10-Sep

MT

ST/ MT

LT

MT

MT

MT/ LT

MT/ LT

Support to vulnerable populations

-

Support to economic actors & recovery

- Exemption from concession fees for bars inside schools during school closure.

1 Mar

ST

*Date of press release

Policy answers at local level - Overall strategy

	Mitigating	Compensating	Circumventing	Exploit
Health security	✓	✓		
Daily way of life and work	✓	✓	✓	
Support to vulnerable populations				
Support to economic actors & recovery	✓			

¹ Data source: EUROSTAT (*demo_r_pjangrp3* and *demo_r_d3dens*), OECD urban/rural typology, and ESPON COVID-19 database for mortality levels. Thresholds for COVID-19 mortality levels: low (0-6 deaths/100,000 inh.), moderate (6-12 deaths/100,000 inh.) and high (>12 deaths/100 000 inh.).

² Main sources used: <https://www.provincia.mantova.it/>

³ ST = short term, MT = medium term, LT = long term.