## **NUTS 3 Region: Gorj (RO)**

This series of fact sheets includes measures taken by the above-mentioned regional authorities during the first wave of the pandemic to strengthen public health security, adapt various aspects of city life to new reality, support vulnerable populations and support the local economy. The fact sheet has been prepared based on official sources and media reporting. However, given the variegated degrees of online communication efficiency from the part of various regional authorities, and the risks associated with collecting information from non-standardised online sources (including media), please note that the information in the table may not be comprehensive.

## **Contextual information** General information<sup>1</sup> COVID-19 deaths / 100 000 inhabitants (weekly data) 315 000 Population (2019) EU27 Density (inh/sqkm, 2018) 57 16.00 Romania Predominantly rural Type of territory (OECD typology) 14.00 Gorj Level of COVID-19 deaths (1st wave) Low 12.00 10.00 Governance (responsibilities of NUTS3 regions) 8.00 Romanian counties, called județe, are generally considered first-6.00

4.00

2.00

0.00

W4

W8

W16

27 Feb

13 Aug

W20

W24

W28

ST / MT

W32

Romanian counties, called *judeţe*, are generally considered first-level administrative divisions. They are responsible for managing local airports and roads, important cultural institutions, county public health units (including hospitals), social services for vulnerable populations, and special education institutions.

Policy answers at local level - Measures <sup>2</sup>					
Health security	Date	Perspective <sup>3</sup>			
The face masks become mandatory in markets, public transportation stations, walking areas.	1 Aug	ST/MT			
Daily way of life and work					
No publicly visible measures.					
Support to vulnerable populations					

## Support to economic actors & recovery

Food and water providing for isolated people.

• No publicly visible measures.

## Policy answers at local level - Overall strategy

Equipment and protection materials for social centres and Child Care centres.

	Mitigating	Compensating	Circumventing	Exploit
Health security	$\checkmark$			
Daily way of life and work				
Support to vulnerable populations	$\checkmark$			
Support to economic actors & recovery				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data source: EUROSTAT (demo\_r\_pjangrp3 and demo\_r\_d3dens), OECD urban/rural typology, and ESPON COVID-19 database for mortality levels. Thresholds for COVID-19 mortality levels: low (0-6 deaths/100,000 inh.), moderate (6-12 deaths/100,000 inh.) and high (>12 deaths/100 000 inh).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Main sources used: <a href="https://gj.prefectura.mai.gov.ro/">https://www.cjgorj.ro/</a>; <a href="https://gi.prefectura.mai.gov.ro/">https://www.cjgorj.ro/</a>; <a href="https://gi.prefectura.mai.gov.ro/">https://gi.prefectura.mai.gov.ro/</a>; <a href="https://gi.prefectura.mai.gov.ro/">https://g

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> ST = short term, MT = medium term, LT = long term